



# **Table of Contents**

World of Dust02	March Move Action16	
Timeline02	Attack Action17	
Blocs and Factions05	Sustained Attack Action23	
Introduction10	Heroes24	
Summary of Play10	Special Weapons25	
Example Turn12	Skills27	
Unit Cards13	Scenarios30	
Nothing Action15	Index32	
Move Action15	Quick Reference34	

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### **WORLD OF DUST**

The year is 1947 and World War II is far from over. A new energy source, believed by some to have an alien origin, has changed the nature of the battlefield. Harnessed first by the Germans and dubbed Vrill-Kultur (VK), this substance's extraordinary properties have allowed the world's powers to develop new, more powerful weapons of warfare. Now infantry and tanks are joined on the field of battle by giant walking armored fighting vehicles. These "walkers" and other VK-powered weapons have shifted the balance of power. Old alliances have been broken and new ones formed. The leading world powers have allied themselves into three great blocs – the Allies, the Axis, and the Sino-Soviet Union (SSU). Outside of these blocs, a handful of countries still cling to relative neutrality in a world wracked by war.

### TIMELINE

1937 Japan invades Mainland China, triggering World War II (WWII) in Asia.

**1938** In Antarctica to establish New Swabia and Base 211, the German military locates an alien spacecraft that contains a survivor in suspended animation. The alien sarcophagus is transported to Germany in a submarine. Baron Leopold Von Thaler founds the Blutkreuz Korps ("Blood Cross" Corps) to study and develop uses for the newly discovered alien technology.

**1939** Great Britain, France, Australia, and New Zealand declare war on Germany in reaction to the German invasion of Poland. WWII erupts in Europe.

**1940** The surviving alien is released from the sarcophagus by Blutkreuz Korps scientists. When he awakens, the alien takes the name Kvasir and reveals a new and incredibly powerful source of energy that the Germans name Vrill-Kultur or VK. The scientists immediately begin researching military applications for VK.

As WWII escalates, Paris falls to German forces, the first Battle of Britain begins, and Germany, Italy, and Japan sign the Tripartite Pact, setting the foundation of the Axis. Britain, India, and Australia launch Operation Compass, capturing Tobruk as they attempt to retake Egypt from Italy.

1941 Germany launches Operation Barbarossa, invading the Soviet Union. German forces quickly advance through Russia, leaving heavy casualties in their wake and capturing the city of Kharkov. Japan attacks Pearl Harbor drawing the United States (US) into the war. Soviet ski troops reverse the German army's advance just outside of Moscow. Nicknamed "General Winter," the harsh Russian winter becomes a factor in the war as German invaders freeze to death and Soviet troops, prepared and equipped for the cold, mount a counter-offensive to regain territory.

1942 The Soviet army fails to liberate the city of Kharkov. Germany's Deutsches Afrika Korps captures Tobruk from Britain, but British troops and their allies stop the Afrika Korps at El Alamein. As the US launches an offensive in the Pacific with the Battle for Guadalcanal, the Battle of Stalingrad begins. The Soviet army refuses to give in to the German forces. They launch regular attacks from the western bank of the Volga River to no avail. Even as Allied troops achieve their first victory over the Afrika Korps at the Second Battle of El Alamein, the Germans begin combat tests with their new Panzer-KampfLäufer armored combat walkers in the ruins of Stalingrad. These new walkers prove effective for city fighting, providing German forces with mobility and firepower beyond the capabilities of any Soviet tank and turning the tide towards the Germans, despite production being hampered by the difficulty of obtaining VK from Antarctica.

Allied forces land in Morocco, Algeria, and Tunisia as Operation Torch commences. Operation Uranus, the Red Army's attempt to surround German forces in Stalingrad inflicts a high number of casualties, but Axis forces, with the aid of their new walkers, manage to hold the city as the Soviets fail to completely encircle it. The success of the new Ludwig walkers against Soviet tanks makes it clear that they will change the balance of the war.

1943 In Tunisia, the German forces defeat the US army for the first time at Kasserine Pass. The German army also takes Stalingrad, though the Soviets still hold land east of the Volga River. The Germans pay a steep price in casualties and the capture of a new walker, the PzKpfL Luther, by the Soviets. The Soviet army also manages to capture the German Sixth Army's main repair workshop, mechanics, and engineers who will be conscripted to help design the first Soviet walker. The Soviets also briefly take back Kharkov, before losing it again, largely due to the German walkers.

To deal with mounting casualties, the Blutkreuz Korps starts testing Wiederbelebungsserum (reanimation serum) on fallen German soldiers. When Soviet forces face the zombies created by this serum in combat, hardened veterans flee the battlefield. The Germans also suffer heavy casualties from the difficult to control zombies, so they are restricted to Blutkreuz Korps operations. Adolph Hitler is assassinated by a sniper during a parade in Berlin celebrating his birthday and the fall of Stalingrad. With Germany in chaos, their forces fall back on all fronts.

SMERSH (Smert' Shpionam, "Death to Spies") is founded providing the Soviet Union with a central military intelligence and counterintelligence agency. The remnants of the Afrika Korps and the Italian army surrender to the Allies in North Africa. Grand Admiral Karl Dönitz emerges from the power struggle in Berlin as the leader of Germany, and Field Marshal Erwin Rommel takes command of the German Army. Nazis are arrested all over the Reich and SS troops are integrated into the army or disbanded. Admiral Dönitz is appointed Protector of the newly formed Axis Bloc. The new bloc takes the black Ritterkreuz (Knight's Cross) on a red background as its official flag.

The Battle of Kursk reveals that the German walkers are unable to withstand the firepower of the latest generation of Soviet tanks. The sheer number of tanks fielded by the Soviets overcomes the Axis weapons and German generals decide to reserve the powerful, maneuverable, but fragile walkers for urban combat and commando operations. Allied forces land in Sicily and take control of the island at the foot of the Italian Peninsula. The Soviet army mounts the Fourth Battle of Kharkov, taking back what little is left of the city. A long period of trench warfare begins in the area.

Allied forces land on mainland Italy. Germany occupies Rome and Italy is fully absorbed into the Axis. The Axis and Allies enter into secret talks to negotiate peace on the Western Front. Axis forces take a defensive stance on the Eastern Front, but Soviet attacks continue to result in high casualties for both sides. As the year comes to a close, the Axis leverages the ceasefire in the west to attack eastward. Stalin learns of the peace negotiations between the Axis and Allies, leading him to sever all ties with the Allies and swear revenge against them. When a German negotiator is found dead in his hotel room, the peace talks end abruptly between the Allies and Axis and hostilities resume despite the likelihood of SMERSH involvement in the incident.

1944 The Allies attempt to fight their way through Italy to Rome. The Soviets begin a winter offensive around Leningrad and Novgorod, but German defensive lines hold. German Scientists build a new VK-enhanced bomb in a secret lab located in San Juan, Argentina. The bomb explodes, causing an earthquake and killing 10,000 people. The Axis bans this type of research. Allied forces land in Anzio, near Rome, where they endure constant attacks by German forces for four months.

Operation U-Go in India and operation Ichi-Go in China expand Japanese holdings. Axis forces reclaim half-of Kharkov during an offensive that pits the more efficient German Ludwig against prototype Soviet walkers. The Allies capture Rome and commence Operation Overlord, the Allied D-Day landings in Normandy, France. American forces put bombers in range of Japan by capturing the island of Saipan. Japan requests German military assistance, which results in Germany sending walkers, pilots, and plans for manufacturing walkers.

The Soviet Union captures the French and British garrison on Madagascar, entering into a war of vengeance against the Allies and providing a base for expeditions to Antarctica. Japan starts a program, code named Steel Samurai, to develop their own walkers. Allied troops liberate Paris, followed by most of France. With walkers shipped to Japan and heavy Axis losses as the Allies broke out of Normandy, the Allies reach the German border. Though American forces land in the Philippines, the new Japanese walkers pushed them back. As the year ends, German forces slowly push the Allies back into France.

1945 The German army pushes the allies back during the Second Battle for France. Captain Joe Brown of ASOCOM (Allied Special Operations Command) captures VK technology from the Axis. Japan captures Chongqing, China and captures Ceylon with the aid of German walkers. The Allies build an Antarctic base and locate VK ore.

Japanese forces threaten Allied supply lines in Southeast Asia. The US decides uses a VKenhanced atomic bomb on the island of Ceylon as a precursor to its assault. When the blast cracks the earth open and the ocean claims most of the island, the Allies ban the use of atomic weapons. The terror induced by sinking of Ceylon causes Japan to unite with the Axis.

In Kharkov, the Axis takes what is left of the flattened city. In France, Allied forces are forced back to Normandy. Japanese forces land in Australia and New Zealand. The Soviet Union and China join forces, forming the Sino-Soviet Union (SSU). Axis forces invade Nepal and Tibet.

1946 SMERSH organizes Marxist revolutions in South America that are accompanied by SSU troops and scientists tasked with finding new VK sources. After losing the Second Battle of France, the Allied Army evacuates to Great Britain. The SSU finally retakes Kharkov in the seventh battle, dealing with the Axis zombies with massed flame-throwers. The SSU also launches Operation Red Sun, landing forces in Alaska and Florida on the same night. The SSU gains control of a large portion of the Alaskan coast, but finds its advance slowed in the Florida Everglades, by the US Marines.

Besieged on all fronts, the Allies form a united government, creating the third Bloc, and launch Operation Highjump, a massive assault on the Axis Antarctic VK supplies. War returns to Africa as the Neu Afrika Korps (NDAK) lands in Libya and the Gulf of Guinea. Iceland, long contested by the Allies and the Axis, becomes the target of Operation Red Sea as the SSU lands on the east coast, joining the stalemate. The Neutral Nations Organization (NNO) is in created Bangkok, Siam.

**1947** The Axis launches a worldwide offensive. As all fronts experience renewed fighting, the SSU finds itself facing the first Axis winter offensive in years. SSU lines are broken at several points on the eastern front, including near Leningrad and around Zverograd. Despite a swift response by the SSU, the Axis digs in with a tenacity not seen since the beginning of Operation Barbarossa.



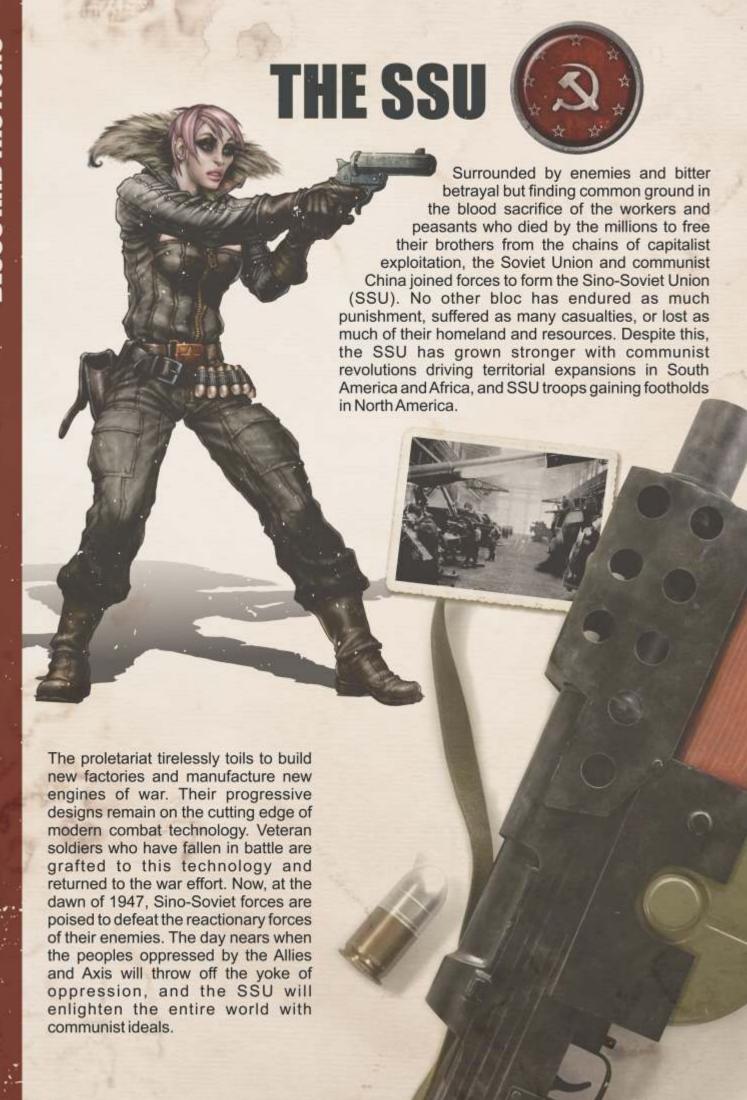


## THE ALLIES

Besieged by fascist and communist dictatorships, the democracies of the world have banded together as the Allies. Gathering around the United States of America, this coalition of nations includes, the British Commonwealth, the French colonial empire, and Brazil. The Allies have leveraged the dual industrial powerhouses of Detroit and Montreal along with hundreds of factories spread throughout the world to create the largest military industrial complex the world has ever known. Even so, Allied resources are stretched thin across fronts spanning the globe. Their forces are engaged on the coast of Alaska and the frigid expanse of Antarctica, in the North African and Australian deserts, the Andes mountains, the Florida swamps, and Burma and Borneo's jungles.

1947 looks dire for the Allies as their citizens tire of the endless war, even as they sacrifice and work themselves to exhaustion to achieve victory. The military also wearies of the war, but realizes that anything less than total victory threatens the survival of democracy. Every effort is being made to end this war, but the Allies will accept nothing less than unconditional surrender from the dictatorships that threaten democracy.







# THE MERCENARIES



Though the three multinational blocs have a stranglehold on most of the planet, some countries have managed to sustain their neutrality throughout the war. In late 1946 most of these nations formed a coalition of their own, becoming part of the Neutral Nations Organization (NNO). In a war-torn world, neutrality offers its own benefits. Neutral ground is ideal for running businesses that cater to the warring blocs. The operation of mercenary companies from these countries is particularly profitable.

Mercenary companies range in size from small strike forces and elite specialist teams, to entire platoons and regiments. They draw the majority of their soldiers

from neutral nations, but their ranks often contain deserters, soldiers "missing in action" from other armed forces, and agents gathering intelligence for ASOCOM, the Blutkreuz Corps, and SMERSH. Shadow factions are also believed to use mercenaries, giving them access to forces that can operate with complete anonymity almost anywhere on the planet. It is rumored that the Ahnenerbe, former members of the SS still loyal to the Third Reich; Majestic 12, a secret council within the Allies seeking alien technology; and Sacred Dawn, a Tsarist counter-revolutionary movement, make regular use of mercenary forces.



### INTRODUCTION

With Dust Tactics, you and your friends can battle for control of the diesel-punk, alternate World War II World of Dust. Players choose which Bloc or Faction to play, build their forces, select a scenario, and play out their strategy to see who will find victory on the battlefield. Dust Tactics is extremely scalable, allowing players to field a force ranging from a few units to multiple platoons. Each Starter Set contains everything one player needs to play and is designed to equitably match up with other Starter Sets, as well as form a core force that can be expanded by adding additional units. When you are ready to expand your game, an incredible range of additional units are available along with the full Dust Tactics Rulebook and Expansion Sets that offer additional information, new scenarios, and advanced rules. Grab a couple of Starter Sets and a friend and immerse yourself in the fast, furious, and fun game play of Dust Tactics!

### **SUMMARY OF PLAY**

Each game of Dust Tactics simulates a complete battle. Players alternate activating units until the game is complete. During an activation, units can move, attack other units, use special skills, or do nothing. To determine the success or failure of actions, such as attacks, hiding behind cover, and using special skills, players roll special dice called "Dust Dice."

#### **DUST DICE**

Dust Dice have six sides with three different symbols, a , a , and a that will vary in appearance depending on the bloc or faction the dice were designed to represent, such as:

Typically, attacks score hits for each or rolled, but certain skills units possess may modify this, allowing hits to be scored for rolls of both of and or Throughout the remainder of the rules, descriptions of actions that require a dice roll will include which symbol(s) indicate success.

#### **GAME SET-UP**

Players agree on the scenario they will play. Several scenarios are included at the end of this book. The first of these scenarios, Firefight, is a perfect selection for your first game. Each player determines the Units they will play (for now, the Units included in their Starter Set or Units totaling 25 points for a player who owns Dust models, but no Starter Set). Players set out game mats and terrain to complete game set-up (see page 30). Each Starter Set comes with one game mat. Combining the game mats from two Starter Sets creates a perfectly-sized battlefield that conforms to the scenarios at the end of this book.

#### TYPES OF UNITS

Dust Tactics keeps the battlefield varied and interesting through the broad range of Units that are available for the game. In the Starter Sets, you will find three types of Units:

Infantry - A squad of specially trained soldiers.

Vehicles - Walkers are some of the most powerful military vehicles on the battlefield.

Heroes – An Infantry Unit made up of a single miniature that represents a famous fighter or legendary leader in the World of Dust.

#### **GAME MATS**

Dust Tactics game mats represent the battlefield and are divided in squares. Each Starter Set Unit occupies a single square. Some vehicles have weapons and other equipment that overhangs the edge of the square. For game purposes, this does not affect which square the Unit occupies.

#### **TURNS**

A game of Dust Tactics is divided into Turns. At the beginning of each Turn, Dust Dice are rolled to determine which player will go first. The first player Activates their first Unit, then players alternate Activating Units until all Units have been Activated and the Turn ends. Unless Victory conditions are met, the game continues, and players begin a new Turn (see Victory, page 11).

#### INITIATIVE

Each Turn begins with all players rolling three Dust Dice (the number of dice may be modified by certain Skills). The player who rolls the most against he Initiative. If there is a tie, the player with the most against he Initiative. If a tie still exists, players re-roll their dice until a player gains the Initiative based on the aforementioned criteria. Once Initiative has been determined, the player who gains Initiative determines which player will take the first Activation.

#### **ACTIVATIONS**

The player selects the Unit they will Activate, and assigns two Actions to that Unit. A player may also choose to Pass on the Activation if they have fewer Units left to Activate than their opponent. Heroes joined to Infantry Units or piloting Vehicles are counted as a single Unit.

When a player assigns Actions to a Unit, they must declare all Actions, including the use of any Special Actions, Skills, or Special Weapons, prior to resolving any of the Actions. The following Actions can be assigned to a Unit:

- Nothing (page 15)
- Move (pages 15-16)
- March Move Costs Two Actions (page 16)
- · Attack (pages 17-23)
- Sustained Attack Costs Two Actions (page 23)
- Special To use some Skills and Equipment a Unit must be assigned a Special Action (pages 27-29).

Players may assign any combination of Actions, however, they may not assign two: Move (this would be a March Move), March Move (this would take four actions), Attack (this would be a Sustained Attack), or Sustained Attack (this would take four actions) Actions.

Some Skills allow Units to take a third Action. These Skills cannot be stacked to allow more than three Actions. Units may not be assigned more than three Actions in a single Activation.

#### **VICTORY**

The game ends at the end of the Turn where one of the following conditions is satisfied:

- One of the players completes the Objective specified in the scenario
- · One or more of the players no longer has any Units left on the game mats
- The game reaches the Turn limit specified in the scenario

The player who completed the scenario Objective or eliminated the other player's Units wins the game. If neither side completed the Objective or eliminated all of their opponents forces, both sides total the army points of the Units they eliminated from their opponent's army, and the player who destroyed the most army points wins. An equal number of points destroyed results in a draw.

# PLAYERS I AND 2 HAVE PLAYED SEVERAL TURNS ALREADY AND PLAYER 2'S WALKER UNIT HAS BEEN DESTROYED. PLAYER I STILL HAS THREE UNITS LEFT ON THE BATTLEFIELD (UNIT A, UNIT B, AND UNIT C), HOWEVER PLAYER TWO ONLY HAS TWO UNITS LEFT (UNIT D AND UNIT E). TO START A NEW TURN, BOTH PLAYERS ROLL THREE DICE. PLAYER I ROLLS DAMED ON THE PLAYERS WOULD TIE FOR INITIATIVE, BUT

PLAYER 2 ACTIVATES HERO UNIT D AND ASSIGNS IT A
SUSTAINED ATTACK ACTION AGAINST PLAYER I'S WALKER
UNIT A. UNIT A TAKES TWO HITS BUT IS NOT

DESTROYED.

ACTS AS A TIE-BREAKER, SO PLAYER 2 GAINS THE INITIATIVE AND THE ABILITY TO SELECT WHICH SIDE WILL GO FIRST. HAVING

PLAYER I WOULD LIKE TO PASS, HOPING THAT PLAYER 2'S
INFANTRY UNIT E LEAVES COVER TO ATTACK ONE OF PLAYER I'S
UNITS, BUT PLAYER I STILL HAS THREE UNITS TO ACTIVATE AND PLAYER 2
ONLY HAS ONE UNIT LEFT TO ACTIVATE. PLAYER I DECIDES TO ACTIVATE WALKER
UNIT A AND ASSIGN IT A MOVE ACTION (TO MOVE TOWARDS UNIT E, BRINGING THEM
WITHIN THE RANGE OF UNIT A'S WEAPONS, BUT KEEPING UNIT A OUTSIDE THE RANGE OF
UNIT E'S WEAPONS) AND AN ATTACK ACTION (TO FIRE ALL OF ITS

WEAPONS AT UNIT E). ONE SOLDIER IN UNIT E IS DESTROYED.

PLAYER 2 WOULD LIKE TO PASS BECAUSE NONE OF PLAYER I'S UNITS ARE WITHIN RANGE OF UNIT E. HAVING ONLY ONE UNIT LEFT TO ACTIVATE COMPARED TO PLAYER I'S TWO UNITS LEFT TO ACTIVATE, PLAYER 2 SUCCESSFULLY PASSES.

PLAYER I ACTIVATES HERO UNIT B ASSIGNING IT A MARCH-MOVE ACTION AND SPECIFYING THE USE OF ITS CHARGE SKILL TO PERFORM A CLOSE-COMBAT ATTACK AGAINST HERO UNIT D FOLLOWING THE MARCH-MOVE. UNIT B INFLICTS THREE HITS ON UNIT D, BUT IT IS NOT DESTROYED.

ALL OF PLAYER I'S UNITS ARE

STILL OUT OF RANGE, BUT BOTH PLAYERS HAVE ONE
REMAINING UNIT TO ACTIVATE, SO PLAYER 2 CANNOT
PASS. INSTEAD, PLAYER 2 ACTIVATES UNIT E,
ASSIGNING IT A MOVE ACTION (TO BRING THEM
WITHIN RANGE OF UNIT A) AND AN ATTACK ACTION

THAT CAUSES SUFFICIENT HITS TO DESTROY UNIT A.

B

PLAYER 1 ACTIVATES
INFANTRY UNIT C
ASSIGNING THEM A MOVE
ACTION (TO BRING THEM
WITHIN RANGE OF UNIT E)
AND AN ATTACK ACTION THAT
DESTROYS 2 SOLDIERS IN UNIT E.

ALL UNITS HAVE BEEN ACTIVATED AND THE TURN IS COMPLETE.

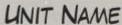
PLAYER 2 WOULD LIKE

#### READING UNIT CARDS

FOR THE ABILITIES OF A PLAYER'S UNITS. THEY ARE ALSO USEFUL FOR

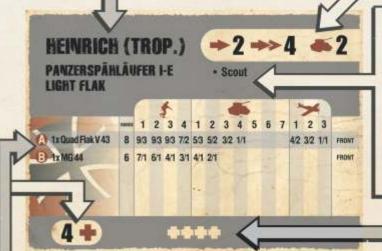
TRACKING WHETHER A UNIT HAS BEEN ACTIVATED DURING A TURN.

A DESCRIPTION OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED ON BOTH SIDES OF EACH CARD IS PROVIDED BELOW.



INDICATES THE UNIT'S NAME, FACTION AFFILIATION, AND TACTICAL FUNCTION.

DAMAGE
CAPACITY
INDICATES THE
AMOUNT OF
DAMAGE A
HERO OR
VEHICLE CAN
WITHSTAND
BEFORE BEING
DESTROYED.



UNIT SPECIAL WEAPONS AND SKILLS

THIS IS A LIST OF THE SPECIAL WEAPONS AND SKILLS THE UNIT POSSESSES.

SEE PAGES 25-29

#### WEAPONS TABLE

THIS TABLE LISTS THE WEAPON'S CARRIED BY THE UNIT AND EACH WEAPON'S CAPABILITIES. THE FIRST COLUMN CONTAINS A LETTER FOR EACH WEAPON THAT CORRESPONDS TO THE IMAGE ON THE OPPOSITE SIDE OF THE CARD, THE NUMBER OF THESE WEAPON'S POSSESSED BY THE UNIT (IF MORE THAN ONE), AND THE WEAPON'S NAME. THE RANGE COLUMN INDICATES THE WEAPON'S RANGE IN SQUARES.

THE NEXT 14 COLUMNS ARE GROUPED BY UNIT TYPE (INFANTRY, VEHICLE, AND AIRCRAFT) WITH EACH COLUMN INDICATING THE NUMBER OF DUST DICE TO ROLL AND THE AMOUNT OF DAMAGE CAUSED BY EACH HIT WHEN ATTACKING THE ARMOR RATING LISTED AT THE TOP OF THE COLUMN FOR THAT UNIT TYPE. VEHICLES HAVE AN ADDITIONAL COLUMN THAT INDICATES WHERE OR HOW THE WEAPON IS MOUNTED TO DETERMINE ITS FIRE ARC.

PLEASE NOTE THAT LIMITED-AMMO WEAPONS (SEE PAGE 26) ALSO INCLUDE CHECK-BOXES TO MARK OFF EXPENDED AMMUNITION.

#### UNIT TYPE

THIS SYMBOL INDICATES THE TYPE
OF UNIT DESCRIBED BY THE CARD
AND IS FOLLOWED BY THE UNIT'S

ARMOR VALUE #

- # INFANTRY UNIT (SQUADS, SUPPORT WEAPONS, AND HEROES)
- # VEHICLE UNIT (WALKERS, TANKS, AND TRUCKS)
- # AIRCRAFT UNIT (PLANES
  AND HELICOPTERS)
- MOVE VALUE
  INDICATES THE NUMBER OF
  SQUARES THE UNIT WILL MOVE
  WHEN ASSIGNED A MOVE ACTION.
  SEE PAGES 15-16
- INDICATES THE NUMBER OF SQUARES THE UNIT WILL MOVE WHEN ASSIGNED A MARCH MOVE ACTION. SEE PAGE 16

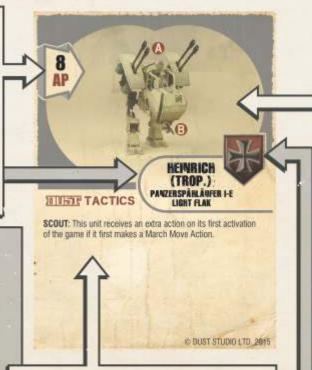
#### ARMY VALUE

THE POINT COST OF THE UNIT FOR USE WHEN BUILDING AN ARMY FOR PLAY. THE UNITS IN EACH STARTER SET ARE ALREADY BALANCED AS A GROUP FOR PLAY AGAINST ANY OTHER STARTER SET.

#### DAMAGE TRACK

CHECK-BOXES USED TO INDICATE THE AMOUNT OF DAMAGE A HERO OR VEHICLE HAS SUSTAINED.

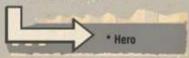
INDICATE DAMAGE TO INFANTRY UNITS BY REMOVING MINIATURES (E.G., ONE MINIATURE FOR EACH HIT) AND DO NOT INCLUDE A DAMAGE TRACK.



#### UNIT SPECIAL WEAPON AND SKILL QUICK REFERENCE

THIS QUICK REFERENCE PROVIDES A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE SPECIAL WEAPONS AND SKILLS THE UNIT POSSESSES. FOR COMPLETE DESCRIPTIONS SEE PAGES 25-29

### VEHICLE SIZE/ HERO INDICATOR



SOME CARDS HAVE A SMALL NOTATION IN THE LOWER LEFT HAND CORNER ON THE FRONT SIDE WHICH INDICATES A VEHICLE OF UNUSUAL SIZE (LIGHT, LARGE, OR HUGE) OR HERO STATUS OF A SINGLE MINIATURE INFANTRY UNIT.

#### NOTE:

DUST TACTICS CARDS ARE SPECIALLY
COATED TO ALLOW THEM TO BE USED
WITH DRY-ERASE MARKERS. YOU CAN
MARK CHECK-BOXES ON YOUR CARDS
OR MAKE OTHER NOTES DURING
GAME PLAY WITH A DRY-ERASE
MARKER, THEN WIPE THEM
CLEAN WHEN THE GAME IS
OVER.

#### UNIT PHOTO

THIS PHOTO CAN
BE USED TO
IDENTIFY THE
MINIATURES
INCLUDED IN THE
UNIT. THE UNIT'S
WEAPONS ARE
INDICATED WITH A
LETTER THAT
CORRESPONDS
TO THE WEAPONS
TABLE ON THE
OPPOSITE SIDE
OF THE CARD.

#### BLOC/FACTION SYMBOL

THIS SYMBOL INDICATES THE UNIT'S AFFILIATION WITH A SPECIFIC BLOC OR FACTION.



ALLIES



AXIS



SSU



MERCENARIES



BLUTKREUZ

### **NOTHING ACTION**

A Unit that is assigned a Nothing Action, uses a single Action to do nothing.

### **MOVE ACTION**

A Unit that is assigned a Move Action, uses a single Action to move a number of squares equal to or less than its Move Value. The direction the Unit is facing has no effect on movement. The Unit may move any direction and end its Move Action facing any edge of the square.

Units may pass through squares occupied by other friendly Units with the following exceptions:

- Vehicle Units may not pass through friendly Vehicle Units.
- A Unit cannot end its movement in an occupied square unless the Unit is a Hero sharing a square with a friendly Unit.

Units cannot pass through or end their movement in a square that contains an enemy Unit.

Movement can also be blocked or affected by Terrain. In Dust Tactics there are eight types of Terrain:



**Open** – Represents flat, open areas, such as plains and recently harvested farm fields. Units can pass through or occupy and Obstacles can be placed in Open Terrain squares.



**Tree** – Represents a large tree or cluster of small trees. Units can pass through and occupy Tree squares.



Rubble – Represents piles of debris from destroyed Terrain, such as shattered buildings and destroyed roadways. Wheeled and Tracked Vehicle Units cannot pass through or occupy a Rubble square. Other Units (including Walker Vehicle Units) can pass through or occupy a Rubble square.



**Structure** – Represents impassible man-made structures that cannot be entered, such as pillars or fuel tanks. Units cannot pass through or occupy a Structure square.



Water – Represents deep water, such as lakes, oceans, and rivers. Units cannot pass through or occupy a Water square.



Ammo Crates – 3-D obstacles that also act as Cover (see page 22). Units can pass through and occupy a square containing an Ammo Crate. Vehicle Units passing through or occupying a square containing an Ammo Crate may choose to destroy the crate (removing it from play).



**Tank Traps** – 3-D obstacles that also act as Cover (see page 22). Vehicle Units, including Walkers, cannot pass through or occupy a square containing a Tank Trap. Other Units can pass through or occupy a square containing a Tank Trap.



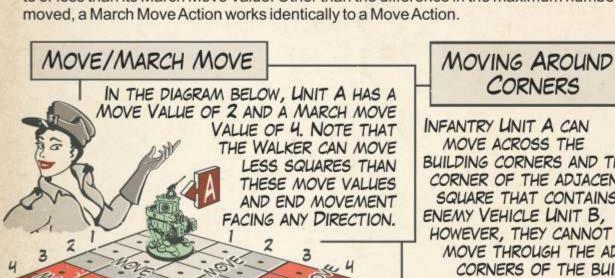


Walls and Buildings – Units cannot pass through Walls, but may move through openings in wall and buildings. Openings are classified into three sizes, small openings (less than one square wide), large openings (one square wide), and huge openings (two or more squares wide). Infantry Units can move through openings of any size. Vehicle Units cannot move through small openings, but may pass freely through large and huge openings. Infantry Units can also move up or down a floor in a multi-story building (this includes moving form the top floor to the roof of a building), at a cost of one square of movement per floor.

Units can also move diagonally. The first diagonal movement a Unit makes into a square counts as moving one square, but all subsequent diagonal movements the Unit makes into a square count as moving two squares. Adjacent enemy Units or impassible Terrain can limit diagonal movement. Vehicle Units cannot move diagonally across the corner of a square occupied by impassible Terrain or an enemy Unit. Infantry Units can move diagonally across the corner of a square occupied by impassible Terrain or an enemy Unit, but cannot move diagonally through the adjacent corners of two squares occupied by impassible Terrain or enemy Units.

### **MARCH MOVE ACTION**

A Unit that is assigned a March Move Action uses two Actions to move a number of squares equal to or less than its March Move Value. Other than the difference in the maximum number of squares moved, a March Move Action works identically to a Move Action.



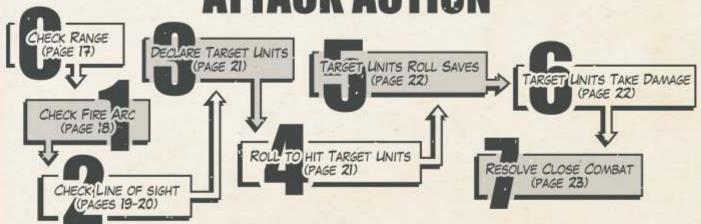
BUILDING CORNERS AND THE CORNER OF THE ADJACENT SQUARE THAT CONTAINS ENEMY VEHICLE UNIT B. HOWEVER, THEY CANNOT MOVE THROUGH THE ADJOINING CORNERS OF THE BUILDING AND UNIT B.

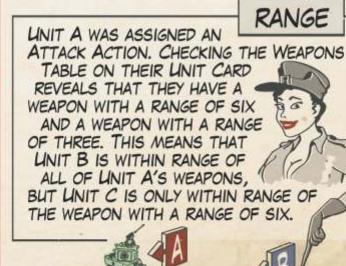


VEHICLE UNIT C CANNOT CROSS THE BUILDING CORNER TO ENTER THE DIAGONALLY ADJACENT SQUARE FOR ONE SQUARE OF MOVEMENT, BUT MUST INSTEAD MOVE FORWARD ONE SQUARE, THEN MOVE ONE SQUARE TO THE LEFT, ENTERING THE DIAGONALLY ADJACENT SQUARE FOR TWO SQUARES OF MOVEMENT.

VEHICLE UNIT B REQUIRES A LARGE OPENING TO ENTER OR EXIT THE BUILDING AND CANNOT PASS THROUGH THE OPENING DIAGONALLY.

### **ATTACK ACTION**





#### **ZERO - CHECK RANGE**

Units can only Attack Targets that are within the Range of their Weapons. Each Weapon's Range, in squares, is specified on the Unit Card in the Range column of the Weapons Table. When measuring range diagonally, the first square counts as one square, but all subsequent measurement of diagonal range counts each square as two squares. A Range of "C" indicates Close Combat Weapons that can only Attack Targets in adjacent squares (see page 23).

#### ONE - CHECK FIRE ARC

Unless otherwise noted in the Weapons Table, Infantry Units (including Heroes) have a 360-degree Fire Arc, allowing them to fire in any direction. Vehicle Unit weapons have a specified Fire Arc, as indicated in the Weapons Table on the Unit Card. The four Fire Arcs are:

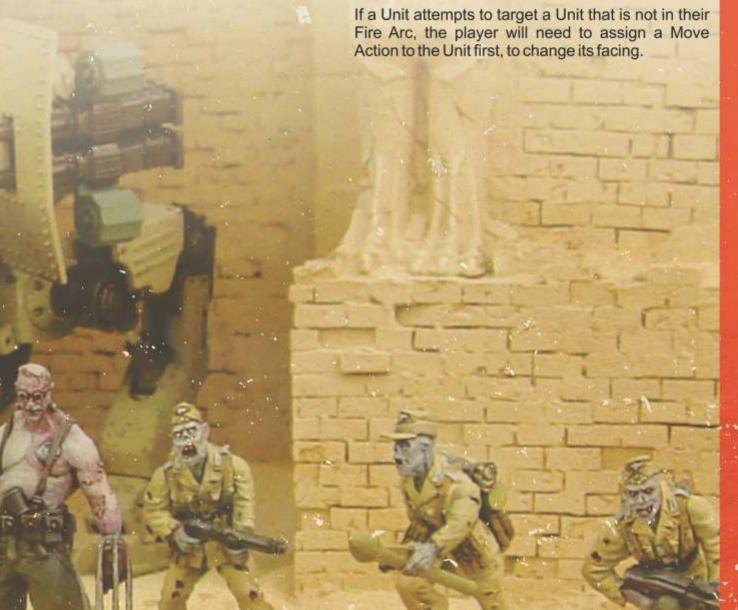
**Front**-mounted weapons can only attack targets in squares that are 45 degrees to either side of the square directly in front of the Vehicle.

Rear-mounted weapons can only attack targets in squares that are 45 degrees to either side of the square directly to the rear of the Vehicle.

Side-mounted weapons can only attack targets in the 180 degrees to the side of the Vehicle (excluding the squares directly in front of the Vehicle and directly behind the Vehicle).

Turret-mounted weapons can attack targets in any direction (360-degree arc).





#### TWO - CHECK LINE OF SIGHT (LOS)

Each square on the game mat that contains a dot does not block Line of Sight (LoS). To determine LoS, players trace an imaginary line from the dot in the square occupied by the Unit assigned an Attack Action to the dot in the center of the square occupied by the Target Unit.

If the line passes through a square that does not contain a dot or contains Terrain that would block LoS, then LoS is blocked.

If LoS passes through the corner of a square without a dot, then LoS is not blocked, but the targeted Unit will receive the benefit of Cover (see page 22).

If the line passes through the corners of squares that would block LoS on both sides of the line, then LoS is blocked.

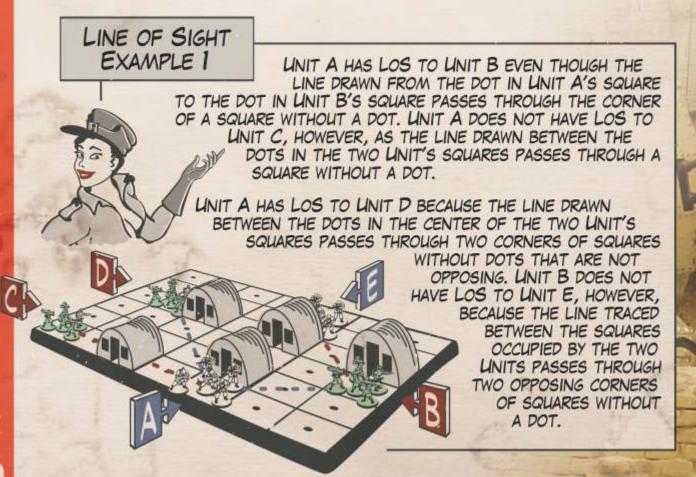
A square containing any Infantry Unit does not block LoS, but a square containing any Vehicle Unit does block LoS.

Squares containing smoke block LoS to Units on the far side, but Units in the smoke can be targeted.

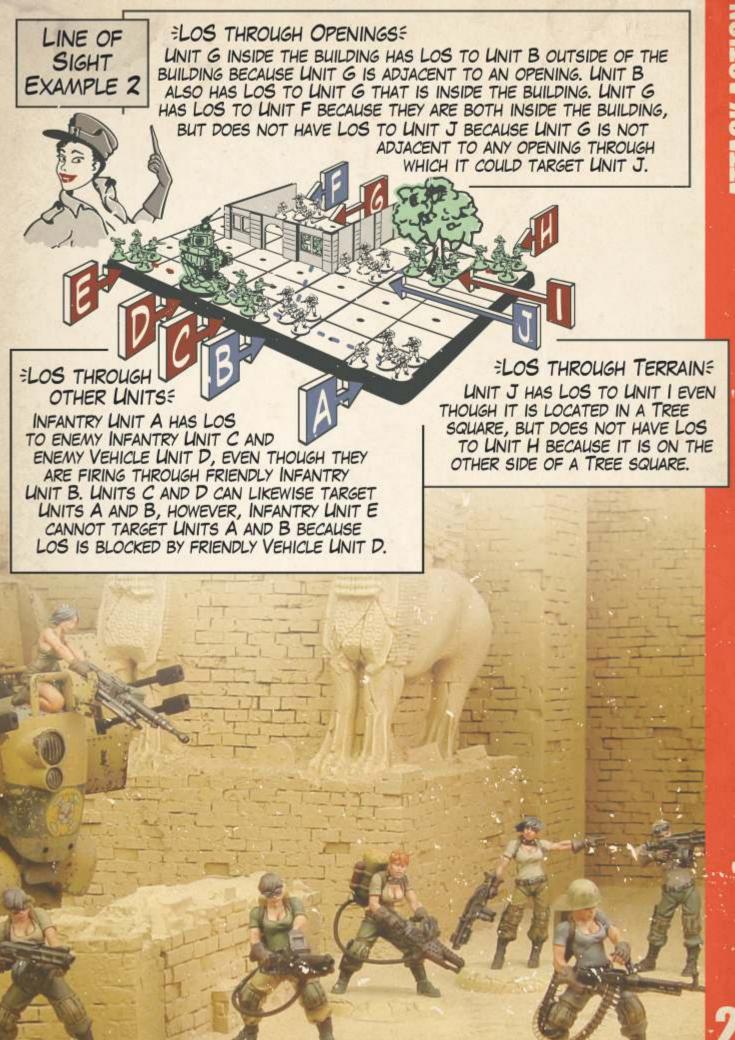
Tree squares block LoS to Units on the far side, but Units in the Terrain can be targeted.

Walls, structures, and buildings block LoS, however, openings do allow for LoS. A Unit inside a building can only target a Unit outside the building if the attacking Unit or the target Unit is adjacent (including diagonally adjacent) to the opening the attacking Unit's LoS passes through.

A Unit outside a building can only target a Unit inside the building if the attacking Unit or the target Unit is adjacent (including diagonally adjacent) to the opening the attacking Unit's LoS passes through.







#### THREE - DECLARE TARGET UNITS

Once Range, Fire Arc, and LoS have been checked to determine which Units can be targeted by the Unit that has been assigned an Attack Action, the player must declare which Unit will be targeted by each weapon used, and any Skills that will apply to the attack. Once targets are declared, they cannot be changed.

When performing attacks, all attacks are considered simultaneous. If a player declares a Unit is firing all its weapons against the same target but destroys it with the first weapon, the other weapons are still considered to be used in the attack, and cannot be used against another target. If a player declares that a Unit is using a Limited-Ammo Weapon (such as a Panzerfaust), the ammo is still expended, even if the other weapons destroy the target Unit first. A Unit does not have to use all of its Weapons or Skills, but if a Unit does not declare a target for one of its Weapons or does not indicate that a Skill will be used in conjunction with a Weapon that was declared, it is not used during that Activation.

Vehicle Units can use all of the weapons in their Weapons Table during each Attack Action. However, each surviving soldier in an Infantry Unit can use only one Ranged Weapon and one Close-Combat Weapon in each Attack Action. If they have several Ranged Weapons available to them, they must choose which one they will use for each Attack Action. Heroes are an exception to this rule and can use all of the weapons in their Weapons Table during each Attack Action.



If  $\slash$  appears to the left of the forward slash, the weapon is a Blast Weapon. Blast Weapons deliver explosive payloads or spray over a large area.  $\slash$  indicates that this weapon rolls one die for each miniature in the target Unit.

Roll the number of dice identified for the weapon, scoring a Hit for each rolled unless modified by a Skill or Equipment (pages 25-29).

BLAST : UNIT A TARGETS UNIT B WITH AN AUTO GRENADE LAUNCHER. UNIT A ROLLS 1/1 FOR THE AUTO GRENADE LAUNCHER. UNIT B CONTAINS FIVE SOLDIERS, SO UNIT A ROLLS FIVE DICE TO HIT.

forward slash is the number of dice that should be rolled.



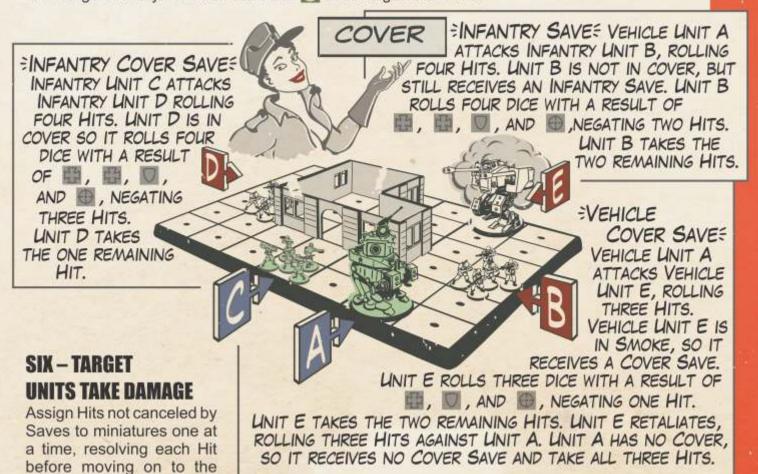
#### **FIVE - TARGET UNITS ROLL SAVES**

Units that occupy a square containing ammo crates, tank traps, trees, rubble, buildings, or smoke are considered to be in Cover. A Target Unit is also considered to be in Cover if the attacking Unit's Line of Sight to the Target Unit passes through the corner of a square without a center dot (see page 19).

For an Infantry Unit in Cover the player rolls a die for each hit their Target Infantry Unit received. Each or rolled negates one Hit.

For a Vehicle Unit in Cover the player rolls a die for each hit their Target Vehicle Unit received. Each colled negates one Hit.

An Infantry Unit that is not in Cover receives an Infantry Save. This Save represents the ability of Infantry to "hit the dirt" or dive to the ground to avoid incoming fire. The player rolls a die for each hit their Target Infantry Unit received. Each rolled negates one Hit.



If appears to the right of the forward slash, the weapon inflicts Automatic Kill damage. Automatic Kill damage is equal to the Units remaining Damage Capacity (remaining "crosses" on the Unit's Damage Track).

an Infantry Unit eliminates one miniature selected by the Unit's player. Each Hit on a Hero or Vehicle inflicts the amount of damage indicated in the Weapon Table

on the Unit Card. Locate the row that provides

specifications for the weapon, then find the column that represents the Unit Type and Armor Value for the target

Unit. The number to the right of the forward slash is the

number of points of damage caused by each Hit with

next. Each Hit assigned to

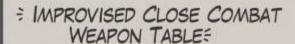
\*AUTOMATIC KILL:
VEHICLE UNIT A ATTACKS
VEHICLE UNIT B WITH A
WEAPON THAT ROLLS 1/\$.
UNIT A ROLLS ONE DIE,
ROLLING ONE HIT AGAINST
UNIT B. UNIT B IS
DESTROYED.

#### SEVEN - RESOLVE CLOSE COMBAT

Weapons that indicate a Range of "C" in the Weapons Table on the Unit Card are Close Combat Weapons. These Weapons can only be used if the attacking Unit and the target Unit occupy adjacent squares (including squares diagonally adjacent). Close Combat Weapons may be used in addition to Ranged Weapons (in the same Attack Action), but their use must be declared with Ranged attacks before any attacks are resolved. Ranged Weapon attacks are resolved first and casualties are removed before resolving the effects of attacks with Close Combat Weapons.

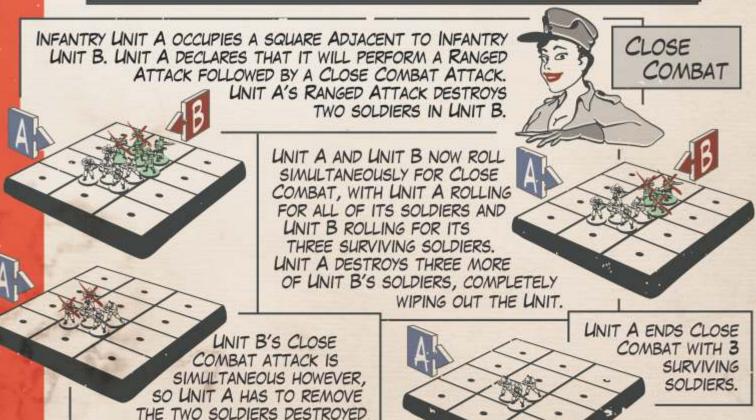
Attacks with Close Combat Weapons allow the target Unit to retaliate with its own Close Combat Weapons. Both the attack and the retaliatory attack are resolved simultaneously with casualties being removed following the resolution of both side's attacks. Hits with Close Combat Weapons are not subject to Cover or Infantry Saves. When performing a Sustained Attack, the player must choose whether the attack with Ranged Weapons or the attack with Close Combat Weapons will be Sustained (the other Attack will remain just a standard Attack). Regardless, the target Unit's retaliatory attack with Close Combat Weapons is not a Sustained Attack.

Regardless of the weapons listed in the Weapons Table on the Unit Card, Infantry and Vehicle Units have the ability to perform Close Combat Attack Actions with Improvised Weapons. These weapons may be thought of as shovels, grenades, the buttstock of a weapon, or a piece of battlefield debris. Improvised Weapons use the statistics listed below:



BY UNIT B.





### **SUSTAINED ATTACK ACTION**

A Unit that is assigned a Sustained Attack Action uses two Actions to increase the likelihood that it will hit its target. After rolling the number of dice indicated for the weapon(s) used for the Sustained Attack Action, the player re-rolls all misses and counts any additional Hits as successes. Other than re-rolling misses, a Sustained Attack Action works identically to an Attack Action.



Heroes are the main characters of the Dust universe – famous warriors and legendary fighters, they lead the troops on the battlefield.

Heroes are Infantry Units of one miniature that can share a square with a friendly Unit or a friendly Vehicle. Heroes are unique individuals, so an army can never have two of the same Hero.

#### **Joining Infantry Squads**

Before the game begins, a Hero and an Infantry Unit that have the same Armor Value, can be joined to form a combined Unit that Activates simultaneously for the remainder of the game (unless the player decides to permanently separate the Hero from the Unit during the game). If the Hero and the Infantry Unit's movement rates differ, the combined Unit uses the lower rate. The combined Unit shares Skills (if applicable). When the combined Unit takes Damage, the Unit's player assigns Hits between the Infantry Unit and the Hero joined to it using the rules for assigning Hits (see page 22). Count the combined Unit as a single Unit when determining how many Units have yet to Activate for the Passing rule (see page 11).

A player may choose to break up a combined Unit by separating the Hero from the Infantry Unit they joined before the game began. This may be done during any Turn before the combined Unit is assigned an Action. The player Activates either the Hero or Infantry Unit for a Move or March Move Action to separate them. The player then completes that Unit's Activation. The other Unit may be Activated later in that same Turn. Once the Hero is separated from the combined Unit, it may share a square with any friendly Unit, but may not be joined to any Infantry Unit for the remainder of the game.

#### **Piloting Vehicles**

A Hero with the Pilot or Ace Pilot Skill can pilot a Vehicle. Only one Hero may pilot a Vehicle at a time. For a Hero to pilot a Vehicle, the player must assign the Hero to the Vehicle before the game begins. The Hero and Vehicle Unit now form a combined Unit until the end of the game or the destruction of the Vehicle.

When a Vehicle with a pilot Activates, its pilot also Activates performing the same Action as the Vehicle.

Count the Hero and Vehicle as a single Unit when determining how many Units have yet to activate for the Passing rule (see page 11).

While piloting a Vehicle, a Hero cannot be the target of an Attack and cannot use their own weapons, but can use their Skills.

If the Vehicle is destroyed, the pilot's player rolls a die. On a roll of or , the Hero escapes unharmed. On a roll of the Hero takes a point of damage. The Hero is placed in any valid square adjacent to the square the Vehicle occupied, and counts as having Activated for this Turn.

A Hero can dismount from a Vehicle before the Vehicle Activates by performing a Move or March Move Action to move away from the Vehicle. If a Vehicle's pilot dismounts, they may not remount and the Vehicle is considered destroyed.

### **SPECIAL WEAPONS**

Some weapons are subject to additional rules that represent their combat effects. These combat effects may be the result of VK-enhanced technology (e.g., Laser Weapons) or a function of how they operate (e.g., Grenade Weapons). The following are some common Special Weapons and the rules that govern their use.

#### Flame Weapons

Flame-throwers, napalm throwers, sulphur jets, and other similar weapons fire a spray of burning fuel or caustic liquid, engulfing the target unit and any other units in its path.

Units hit by Flame Weapons do not receive an Infantry or Cover Save against those weapons (see page 22). In addition, Flame Weapons attack all units in squares between the attacking unit and the target unit, including friendly units. The flame follows the shortest possible path to the target (measured in the same way as movement and range), and may only pass through squares along a path through which the attacking unit has LoS to the targeted Unit. The player controlling the Unit performing the attack with the Flame Weapon may choose between alternative shortest paths.

#### **Grenade Weapons**

Grenade launchers and other weapons that fire small explosives project their rounds over cover so they land amidst the targeted unit. Units hit by a Grenade Weapon retain their Infantry Save (see page 22), but do not receive a Cover Save.

#### **Laser Weapons**

When Blutkreuz Korps scientists applied the technology they found in Antarctica to weapons development, they discovered the incredible destructive capability of intensely focuses beams of light. The resulting laser technology has created some of the most powerful anti-tank weapons in the world. Capable of quickly cutting through any armor; the longer Laser Weapons are held on target, the deeper they cut.

For each Hit a Laser Weapon rolls, roll one die, scoring an additional Hit on a roll of . Continue scoring Hits and rolling an additional die for each Hit until a miss is rolled for that die.

If the Laser weapon has a special rule that allows it to hit on a roll of as well as , it only counts a a a hit on the first roll. Additional rolls only hit on a roll of .

LASER VEHICLE UNIT A PERFORMS A SUSTAINED ATTACK AGAINST INFANTRY UNIT B WITH A LASER WEAPON. THE UNIT ROLLS FIVE DICE, ROLLING TWO SUCCESSES AND THREE FAILURES. THE THREE FAILURES ARE REPOLLED, SCORING ONE MORE SUCCESS. THE PLAYER NOW ROLLS THREE MORE DICE FOR THE THREE SUCCESSES, SCORING ONE SUCCESS AND TWO FAILURES. ONE MORE DICE IS ROLLED FOR THE SINGLE SUCCESS, BUT ROLLS A FAILURE. UNIT A INFLICTS A TOTAL OF FOUR HITS ON UNIT B.



#### **Limited-Ammo Weapons**

Some weapons have limited ammunition capacity. Once all of its ammunition is expended, the weapon can no longer fire.

Limited-Ammo weapons are indicated by check-boxes in the Weapons Table on the Unit Card. Mark one of these boxes each time an Infantry or Vehicle Unit makes an Attack or Sustained Attack action with the Limited-Ammo weapon. Once all of the check-boxes have been marked, the weapon can no longer fire.

While a soldier (individual miniature) in an Infantry Unit can only use the weapons they are modeled with, they are assumed to pick up extra ammunition from fallen comrades that are part of their Infantry Unit. As long as there is a soldier remaining in the Infantry Unit that is modeled with that weapon, they still possess all of the Unit's remaining ammunition for that weapon.

#### **Reload Weapons**

Some weapons, such as artillery, require ammunition to be manually loaded before firing. These weapons must be reloaded after every shot. At the beginning of the game, use a Loaded token to indicate that the Reload Weapon is loaded. When the Reload Weapon is used for an Attack or Sustained Attack Action, remove the Loaded token. The Unit with the Reload Weapon, must be assigned a Reload Special Action to return the Loaded token to the Unit before the weapon may be fired again. A Unit may perform an Attack Action and a Reload Action during the same Activation, allowing it to complete an Attack Action each Activation.

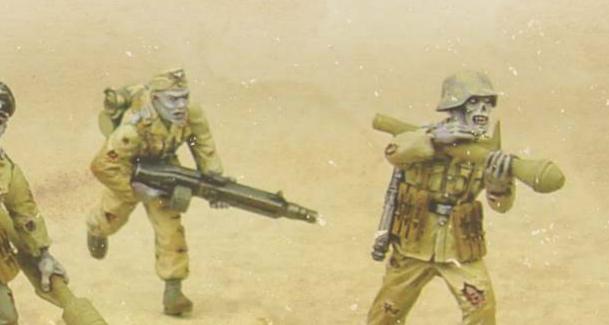
#### **Sniper Weapons**

In the hands of a trained sniper, Sniper Weapons can be used to selectively target officers or other individuals in a Unit. When declaring the target of a Sniper Weapon's Attack or Sustained Attack Action, the player may specify a miniature in the targeted Unit. All unsaved Hits from this attack are assigned to the specified miniature.

#### **Under-Barrel Weapons**

Some modern weapons systems combine two weapons into one. An example of this is the M1 automatic rifle paired with an under-barrel grenade launcher.

Each soldier that carries a weapon with an Under-Barrel weapon can fire both the main weapon and the Under-Barrel weapon at the same target in a single Attack or Sustained Attack Action.



### SKILLS

Some Units and Heroes possess Skills, aptitudes, training, or equipment that allows them to perform at a level that leaves less gifted soldiers in awe. A player must declare that a Unit is using a Skill before rolling any dice that might be modified by that Skill. Unless otherwise stated, Skills possessed by a Hero apply to a Unit they have joined, and Skills possessed by a Unit apply to a Hero that has joined their Unit. If a Hero and Unit possess the same Skill, it is not doubled in effectiveness nor do they gain a second use of the Skill. If the Skill may be used only once per game, the Hero and the Unit use it at the same time.

#### **ACEPILOT**

A Hero with the Ace Pilot Skill rolls a die when the Vehicle that they are piloting Activates. On a entire the Vehicle gains a third Action for this Activation. A Hero with the Ace Pilot Skill does not share it with any Unit they Join.

#### AIRMOBILE

An Airmobile Vehicle can be carried by an Airlifter, such as the Mil Mi-48 'Carrier' Walker transport helicopter.

#### AND STAY DOWN

Any Unit hit by this Unit's Ranged Weapons removes any Under Fire tokens on it and gains a Suppression token if it does not already have one. A Hero with this Skill does not share it with any Unit they Join.

#### ARTILLERY OBSERVER

One of the greatest advantages of artillery is that it does not need to see its target. It can use an observer to radio back the coordinates of the enemy then fire at them from afar.

When a Unit with Artillery Observer performs an Attack or Sustained Attack Action, they may use the Artillery Weapons of a friendly Unit that has not yet Activated, rather than their own Unit's weapons. The Artillery Unit immediately Activates and performs an Attack or Sustained Attack Action (whichever the Artillery Observer is performing) with its Artillery Weapons. The Artillery Unit uses the Artillery Observer to determine LoS (rather than its own position), but must check its Fire Arc and Range as normal.

If the Artillery weapon is a Reload weapon and it did not perform a Sustained Attack action, it may perform a Reload Action either before or after the Attack Action. The Artillery Unit finishes its Activation, then the Artillery Observer continues its Activation with any remaining Actions.

#### ASSASSIN

A Hero with the Assassin Skill chooses which enemy Soldiers are assigned Hits when performing an Attack Action with Close Combat Weapons. A Hero with the Assassin Skill does not share it with any Unit they Join.

#### AT THE DOUBLE

A Unit with the At the Double Skill (and any Unit it has Joined or Hero that has Joined it) may perform a free Move Action immediately after performing a March Move Action.

#### BERSERK

For each Hit a Unit with the Berserk Skill rolls with a Close Combat Weapon, roll one die, scoring an additional Hit on a roll of . Continue scoring Hits and rolling an additional die for each Hit until the Unit rolls a miss.

If the Hero has a special rule that allows it to Hit on a roll of as well as , rolls of only counts as a Hit for the first roll. Additional rolls only Hit on a roll of . A Hero with the Berserk Skill does not share it with any Unit they Join.

#### **BLACK OPS**

A Unit with the Black Ops Skill rolls four dice for Initiative rolls (see page 11).

#### BRAVE

A Brave Unit rolls three dice instead of two when rolling to remove Under Fire or Suppression tokens.

#### CAMOUFLAGE

A Unit with the Camouflage Skill may take a Camouflage Special Action. Once it has done so, no enemy Unit has Line of Sight to it if it is in Cover from them and at Range three or more. This benefit ends if the Camouflaged Unit takes any Action other than a Move or Nothing Action (Artillery Observers can still use their Skill to attack with an Artillery Unit). The Unit starts the game Camouflaged. A Unit with the Camouflage Skill does not share it with any Unit they Join nor with Heroes that Join this Unit.

#### CHARGE

A Unit with the Charge Skill (and any Unit it has Joined or Hero that has Joined it) may perform a free Attack Action using Close Combat Weapons immediately after performing a March Move Action.

#### **COORDINATED FIRE**

All Auto Grenade Launchers in a Unit, or possessed by a Hero Joined to this Unit, targeting the same Unit, must select the same target square. Resolve all of their attacks at the same time. For each miniature in the target square, roll one die for each Auto Grenade Launcher.

#### DAMAGE RESILIENT

Each time an Infantry Unit that is Damage Resilient is assigned a Hit that is not canceled by a Save (see page 22), roll a die. On a result of , cancel the Hit.

Each time a Hero or Vehicle Unit that is Damage Resilient is assigned a Hit that is not canceled by a Save, mark off the resulting Damage on the Unit's Damage Track as normal. Roll one die for each point of Damage marked off as a result of the assigned Hit(s). Each rolled cancels one point of Damage (clearing the mark on the Unit/Hero Card).

A Unit with the Damage Resilient Skill does not share it with any Unit they Join nor with Heroes that Join this Unit.

DAMAGE RESILIENT: VEHICLE UNIT A ATTACKS VEHICLE UNIT B WHICH IS IN COVER AND DAMAGE RESILIENT. UNIT A SCORES THREE HITS AGAINST UNIT B. UNIT B ROLLS FOR COVER, AND SUCCESSFULLY NEGATES ONE HIT. UNIT B MUST NOW ROLL ONE DIE FOR EACH OF THE REMAINING HITS. UNIT B ROLLS O AND , CANCELING ONE OF THE REMAINING HITS AND TAKING THE OTHER.

#### **DEFENSIVE TACTICS**

A Unit with the Defensive Tactics Skill (and any Unit it has Joined or Hero that has Joined it) gains the Damage Resilient Skill while in Cover.

#### EXPERT - WEAPON

A Hero with the Expert Skill hits on rolls of as well as when making an Attack or Sustained Attack Action with the specified weapon.

#### **FIGHTING SPIRIT**

Once per game, a Unit with the Fighting Spirit Skill (and any Unit it has Joined or Hero that has Joined it) hits on rolls of  $\bigoplus$  as well as  $\bigotimes$  when making an Attack or Sustained Attack Action.

#### FLYING

A Unit with the Flying Skill is outfitted with equipment (e.g., jetpacks) that allow it to fly over obstacles. The Unit can pass over enemy Units and any Terrain as if it were Open Terrain, provided that it ends its Move or March Move Action in Terrain that it could normally occupy. If a Hero has Joined a Unit, both must possess the Flying Skill for either to use it when they Activate together.

#### **INFANTRY ACE**

A Hero with the Infantry Ace Skill rolls a die when it Activates. On a or the Hero (and any Unit it has Joined or Hero that has Joined it) gains a third Action for this Activation.

#### LUCKY

Once per game, a Hero with the Lucky Skill may re-roll any dice that failed to Hit with any of their weapons when making an Attack or Sustained Attack Action. A Hero with the Lucky Skill does not share it with any Unit they Join.

#### MERCENARY

A Unit with this skill can be fielded by any Bloc or Faction.

#### **PILOT: NAME**

A Vehicle with the Pilot: Name attribute can only be piloted by the named Hero. The Vehicle can still be fielded without a pilot. This Vehicle is unique, so only one may be included in any player's army.

#### SCOUT

A Unit with the Scout Skill (and any Unit it has Joined or Hero that has Joined it) may take a March Move Action as its first Action of the game. This counts as a single Action, leaving the Unit with one further Action during this Activation.

#### **SMOKE LAUNCHERS**

Once per game, a Vehicle with Smoke Launchers may take a free Launch Smoke Special Action, that does not count towards the three Actions per Activation limit, to place a Smoke Screen on itself. The Smoke Screen fills any one square occupied by the Vehicle.

#### TRAILBLAZER

A Unit with the Trailblazer Skill (and any Unit it has Joined or Hero that has Joined it) can move through enemy Units.

#### ZOMBIE

A Zombie Unit never makes Cover Saves, but always passes Infantry Saves on a roll of as well as . A Zombie Unit cannot be the target of a Command Squad Special Action, mount a Vehicle or Aircraft, or join/be joined by a non-zombie.

### **SCENARIOS**

Players must choose a scenario before starting play. Players can choose one of the four scenarios provided in this book, use a scenario provided online at www.dust-models.com or www.dustgame.com, or create their own scenario. Firefight is the recommended scenario for first-time players. If you prefer to randomize scenario selection, roll two dice and consult the chart below:

#### ROLL

#### **(1)**

□ or ⊕ □⊕ ⊕ or ⊕ ⊕

**1** 0

#### **SCENARIO**

1 - Firefight

2 - Reload

3 - Fuel Run

4 - Radio Free Babylon

Once the scenario is selected, each player provides a game mat, placing it on the table as shown in the scenario. Players roll for Initiative, and the player who wins Initiative chooses which of the indicated board edges his forces will use to enter the battlefield.

Unless Terrain placement is specified by the scenario, the player with Initiative then places one Terrain item on the play area (game mats). Players alternate placing Terrain until they have each placed two Terrain tiles and a Tank Trap. Terrain items may not be placed in a square that would block a building opening.

Players will likely be using the force supplied with their Starter Set. However, if players care to select alternate or additional Units, the scenarios provided in this book work best with 25 to 75 point forces.

Once the play area is set, players again roll for Initiative (see pages 11-12). Each of the scenarios provided in this book begin with no Units on the play area. During the first Turn, players will move Units on to the play area from the edge indicated in the scenario.

#### **SCENARIO 1: FIREFIGHT**

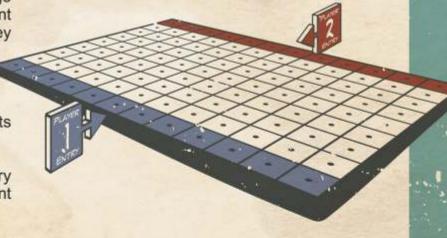
Two small scouting forces happen upon each other in a relatively desolate area. With no place to hide, they must engage and eliminate the enemy force to prevent them from reporting any intelligence they have gathered.

Type: Skirmish

Game End: All of one player's Units destroyed or end of Turn eight.

Victory: Player with the most Victory Points calculated by totaling the point value of Units destroyed.

Deployment: Players enter from indicated edges of the play area (long edges).



#### **SCENARIO 2: RELOAD**

Ammunition is in short supply on the front lines. Two opposing forces seek to capture nearby caches of ammunition.

Type: Capture Objectives

Game End: One player controls both objectives on or after Turn three, all of one player's Units destroyed, or end of Turn eight.

Victory: The player who controls the most Objectives wins. A player controls Objectives by occupying the square containing the Objective on or after Turn three, providing there are no enemy Units in any square adjacent to the Objective square. In the case of a tie, the player with the most Victory Points wins, as calculated by totaling the point value of Units destroyed.

Deployment: Players enter from indicated edges of the play area (long edges).

#### **SCENARIO 3: FUEL RUN**

Fuel is in short supply on the front lines. Two opposing forces seek to capture nearby fuel caches.

Type: Capture Objectives

Game End: One player controls both objectives on or after Turn three, all of one player's Units destroyed, or end of Turn eight.

Victory: The player who controls the most Objectives wins. A player controls Objectives by occupying the square containing the Objective on or after Turn three, providing there are no enemy Units in any square adjacent to the Objective square. In the case of a tie, the player with the most Victory Points wins, as calculated by totaling the point value of Units destroyed.

Deployment: Players enter from indicated edges of the play area (short edges).

#### **SCENARIO 4: RADIO FREE BABYLON**

Cut off from their main force, two opposing scouting forces search for a way to radio for support. A nearby building holds a radio set that can mean the difference between victory and defeat.

Type: Capture & Hold Building

Game End: The end of Turn eight or when all of one player's Units are destroyed.

Victory: The player who has uncontested control of the designated building at the end of Turn eight wins. To have uncontested control of the building a player must have a Unit inside the building with no enemy Units inside the building. If no player has uncontested control of the designated building, the player with the most Victory Points wins, as calculated by totaling the point value of Units destroyed.

Deployment: Players deploy from indicated edges of the play area (long edges).

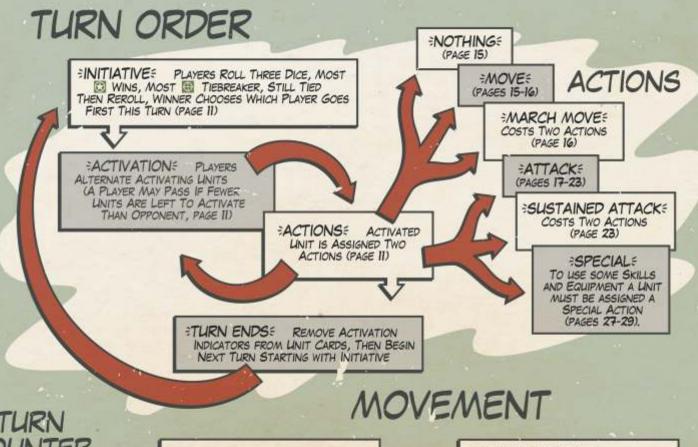
### INDEX

A	
Ace Pilot	24, 27
Actions	11-12
Attack Action	11, 17-23
March Move Action	11, 16
Move Action	11, 15-16
Nothing Action	11, 15
Special Action	11, 27-29
Sustained Attack Action	11, 23
Activations	11-12
Airmobile	27
Allies	6
Ammo Crates	15
And Stay Down	27
Armor Value	13, 22
Army Value	14, 30
Artillery Observer	27
ASOCOM	4, 9
Assassin	27
At the Double	27
Attack Action	11, 17-23
Close Combat	45 00 05 00 00
Cover Save	15, 22, 25-26, 28
Declare Target Units	21
Fire Arc	13, 18 22
Infantry Save	19
Line of Sight (LoS)	17
Range Roll Saves	22
Roll to Hit	21
Take Damage	22
Axis	5
Automatic Kill Weapons	22
ratoriatio (tili trouporta	
В	
Berserk	27
Black Ops	28
Blast Weapons	21
Bloc Symbol	14
Blutkreuz Korps	2, 3, 8
Brave	28
Buildings	15-16, 19-20
Line of Sight	19-20
Moving Through	15-16

C	
Camouflage	28
Charge	28
Close Combat	17,23
Close Range (C)	17.23
Coordinated Fire	28
Corners	16, 19-20
Line of Sight (LoS)	19-20
Moving Around	16
Cover Saves	15, 22, 25-26, 28
Ammo Crates	15
Flame Weapons	26
Grenade Weapons	25
Tank Traps	15
A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	
D	
Damage	22-23
Damage Capacity	13
Damage Resilient	28
Declare Target Units	21
Defensive Tactics	28
Dice	10
Dust Dice	10
F	
Faction Symbol	14
FireArc	13, 18
Flame Weapons	25
Flying	29
G	
Game Mats	11, 30
Game Set-Up	10
Grenade Weapons	25
н	
Heroes	10, 14-15, 21, 24
Joining Infantry Units	10, 14-15, 21, 24
Multiple Weapons	21
Piloting Vehicles	24
Sharing a Square	15
Hits	22, 24
Tillo	22, 24

ı		Skills Cont.	
Improvised Weapons	23	Defensive Tactics	28
Infantry Ace	29	Flying	29
Infantry Saves	22	Infantry Ace	29
Flame Weapons Grenade Weapons	26 25	Lucky	29 29
Infantry Units	10, 13	Mercenary Pilot: Name	24, 29
Cover Saves	22	Scout	29
Infantry Saves	22	Smoke Launchers	29
Multiple Weapons	21	Trailblazer	29
Initiative	11-12, 30	Zombie	29
		SMERSH	3, 4, 7
J	0.4	Smoke	19, 22, 29
Joining Infantry Units	24	Smoke Launchers Sniper Weapons	29 26
K		Special Action	11
Kvasir	2, 8	Special Weapons	14, 25-26
137400		Flame Weapons	26
L		Grenade Weapons	25
Laser Weapons	25	Laser Weapons	25
Limited-Ammo Weapons	13, 26	Limited-Ammo Weapons	26
Line of Sight (LoS)	19-20	Under-Barrel Weapons	26
Lucky	29	SSU (Sino-Soviet Union)	7
		Structure Terrain Summary of Play	15 10-11
M		Summary of Play Sustained Attack Action	
March Move Action	11, 16	Sustained Attack Action	11, 23
March Move Value	13, 16		
Mercenaries	9	T	
Mercenary	29	Tank Traps	15, 30
Move Action	11, 15-16	Target Units	21-22
Diagonal Movement	16	Terrain	15-16, 30
Moving Around Corners	16	Ammo Crates	15
Moving On To the Table	30	Cover Saves	15, 22
Moving Through Units	15	Flying Over	29
Moving Through Buildings	15	Line of Sight Through	19-20
Moving Through Terrain	15	Open Terrain	15
Move Value	13, 15 21	Openings Maying Through	15-16, 19-20 15-16
Multiple Weapons	21	Moving Through Placing Terrain	30
N		Rubble Terrain	15
NNO (Neutral Nations Organization)	4, 9	Structure Terrain	15
Nothing Action	11, 15	Tank Traps	15, 30
	111.12	Tree Terrain	15, 19
0		Water Terrain	15
Objectives	11, 30	Third Action	11
Open Terrain	15	Timeline	2-4
Openings, Line of Sight (LoS)	19-20	Trailblazer	29
Openings, Moving Through	15-16	Tree	15
		Turns	11-12, 30
P	11-12	11	
Pass Pilot: Name	24, 29	Under-Barrel Weapons	26
Piloting Vehicles	24, 25	Unit Cards	13-14
Placing Terrain	30	Unit Types	10, 13
Play Area	30	J	
		V	
R		Vehicle Units	10, 13
Range	17	Blocking Line of Sight (LoS)	19-20
Close Range (C)	23	Cover Saves	22
Weapon Range	13	Moving Around Corners	15-16
Reload Weapons	26	Victory	11
Roll to Hit	21	VK (Vrill-Kultur)	2-5, 8
Roll Saves Rubble Terrain	22 15	Vrill	2-5, 8
Rubble feltalit	10	W	
S		Water Terrain	15
Saves	22	Weapons	13, 15, 17-18, 21-23, 25-26
Cover Saves	22	Automatic Kill Weapons	22
Infantry Saves	22	Blast Weapons	21
Scenarios	30-32	Close Combat Weapons	23
Scout	29	Flame Weapons	25
Sino-Soviet Union (SSU)	7	Grenade Weapons	25
Skills	14, 27-29	Improvised Weapons	23
Ace Pilot	24, 27	Laser Weapons	25
Airmobile And Stay Down	27 27	Limited-Ammo Weapons	13, 26
And Stay Down Artillery Observer	27	Multiple Weapons Reload Weapons	26
Assassin	27	Sniper Weapons	26
At the Double	27	Special Weapons	25-26
Berserk	27	Under-Barrel Weapons	26
Black Ops	28	Weapons Table	13, 17-18, 21-23, 26
Brave	28	World of Dust	2
Camouflage	28		
Charge	28	Z	
Coordinated Fire	28	Zombie	29
Damage Resilient	28		

# QUICK REFERENCE



TURN COUNTER

MOVE UNITS USE ONE ACTION TO MOVE A NUMBER OF SQUARES EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN THE UNIT'S MOVE VALUE. (PAGES 15-16)

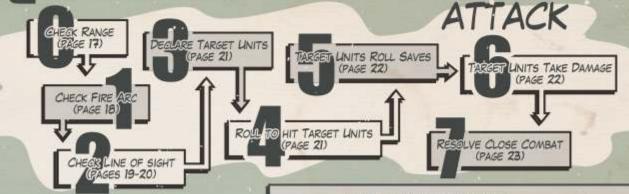
\*MARCH MOVE ! UNITS USE TWO ACTIONS TO MOVE A NUMBER OF SQUARES EQUAL TO OR LESS THAN THE UNIT'S MARCH MOVE VALUE. (PAGE 16)

- FIRST MEASUREMENT OF DIAGONAL MOVEMENT COUNTS AS ONE SQUARE, ALL SUBSEQUENT COUNT AS TWO SQUARES.
- · UNITS MAY PASS THROUGH SQUARES OCCUPIED BY OTHER FRIENDLY UNITS, EXCEPT VEHICLE UNITS MAY NOT PASS THROUGH FRIENDLY VEHICLE UNITS OR END MOVEMENT IN AN OCCUPIED SQUARE UNLESS THE UNIT IS A HERO SHARING A SQUARE WITH A FRIENDLY LINIT.
- MOVEMENT CAN BE BLOCKED OR AFFECTED BY TERRAIN. (PAGE 15)
- · VEHICLE LINITS CANNOT MOVE DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE CORNER OF A SQUARE OCCUPIED BY IMPASSIBLE TERRAIN OR AN ENEMY LINIT.
- INFANTRY UNITS CAN MOVE DIAGONALLY ACROSS THE CORNER OF A SQUARE OCCUPIED BY IMPASSIBLE TERRAIN OR AN ENEMY UNIT, BUT CANNOT DO SO THROUGH THE ADJACENT CORNERS OF TWO SUCH SQUARES.

#### HEROES

- MAY SHARE A SQUARE WITH FRIENDLY INFANTRY LINITS.
- MAY JOIN INFANTRY UNIT WITH SAME ARMOR VALUE BEFORE GAME BEGINS. ACTIVATE SIMULTANEOUSLY. COMBINED UNIT USES LOWEST MOVE VALUE, PLAYER ASSIGNS HITS BETWEEN HERO AND INFANTRY UNIT. COMBINED UNIT COUNTS AS SINGLE UNIT FOR PASSING RULE, UNIT SEPARATES BY ASSIGNING MOVE OR MARCH MOVE TO INFANTRY UNIT OR HERO BEFORE COMBINED UNIT ACTIVATES. HERO SEPARATED FROM COMBINED UNIT MAY NOT REJOIN UNIT OR JOIN ANY OTHER UNIT FOR REMAINDER OF GAME.
- A HERO WITH PILOT OR ACE PILOT SKILL CAN BE ASSISNED TO PILOT VEHICLE BEFORE GAME BEGINS, FORMING COMBINED Unit until end of game or destruction of Vehicle. Activate together performing same Action. Count as single unit for Passing rule. If Vehicle Destroyed, on a roll of or or the Hero escapes unharmed, but on a roll of the Hero takes a point of damage. Hero placed in square adjacent to destroyed Vehicle. Hero can move or march move away from Vehicle to dismount, but vehicle is considered destroyed.

# QUICK REFERENCE



#### EZERO - CHECK RANGES

RANGE IN SQUARES INDICATED IN RANGE COLUMN OF THE WEAPON'S TABLE. FIRST MEASUREMENT OF DIAGONAL RANGE COUNTS AS ONE SQUARE, ALL SUBSEQUENT COUNT AS TWO SQUARES. RANGE "C" INDICATES CLOSE COMBAT.

#### ONE - CHECK FIRE ARCE

- FRONT- 45 DEGREES TO EITHER SIDE OF THE SQUARE DIRECTLY IN FRONT OF THE VEHICLE
- REAR- 45 DEGREES TO EITHER SIDE OF THE SQUARE DIRECTLY TO THE REAR OF THE VEHICLE
- SIDE- 180 DEGREES TO THE SIDE OF THE VEHICLE EXCLUDING THE SQUARES DIRECTLY IN FRONT OF AND BEHIND THE VEHICLE
- · TURRET- 360 DEGREE FIRE ARC

#### TWO - CHECK LINE OF SIGHT (LOS)

DRAW IMAGINARY LINE BETWEEN DOTS IN CENTER OF SQUARES OCCUPIED BY UNIT WITH ATTACKING AND TARGET UNIT AND CHECK FOR THE FOLLOWING:

- IF LINE PASSES THROUGH SQUARE THAT DOES NOT CONTAIN A DOT OR CONTAINS LOS BLOCKING TERRAIN NO LOS.
- IF LOS PASSES THROUGH CORNER OF SQUARE THAT WOULD BLOCK LOS, LOS NOT BLOCKED, BUT TARGET UNIT IS IN COVER.
- IF LOS PASSES THROUGH OPPOSING CORNERS OF SQUARES THAT WOULD BLOCK LOS, NO LOS.
- A SQUARE CONTAINING AN INFANTRY LINIT DOES NOT BLOCK LOS, A SQUARE CONTAINING A VEHICLE LINIT BLOCKS LOS.

SQUARES CONTAINING SMOKE OR TREES BLOCK LOS THROUGH THEM, BUT UNITS IN THESE SQUARES MAY BE TARGETED (RECEIVE COVER)
WALLS, STRUCTURES, AND BUILDINGS BLOCK LOS, BUT ADJACENCY TO OPENINGS ALLOW LOS.

#### THREE - DECLARE TARGET UNITS:

- ALL TARGETS FOR RANGED AND CLOSE COMBAT WEAPONS MUST BE DECLARED ALONG WITH ANY SKILLS BEING USED.
- INFANTRY UNITS CAN ONLY USE ONE RANGED WEAPON AND ONE CLOSE COMBAT WEAPON PER SOLDIER.
- HERO UNITS AND VEHICLE UNITS CAN USE ALL WEAPON LINES.
- EACH WEAPON BEING USED BY A UNIT CAN BE DECLARED AGAINST A DIFFERENT TARGET.

#### FOUR - ROLL TO HIT TARGET UNITS:

IN THE WEAPON'S ROW IN THE WEAPON TABLE, LOCATE THE COLUMN THAT REPRESENTS THE UNIT TYPE AND ARMOR VALUE FOR THE TARGET UNIT AND ROLL THE NUMBER OF DICE TO THE LEFT OF THE FORWARD SLASH, IF A PPEARS TO THE LEFT OF THE FORWARD SLASH, ROLL ONE DIE FOR EACH MINIATURE IN THE TARGET UNIT AND SCORE A HIT FOR EACH CALLED UNLESS MODIFIED BY A SKILL OR EQUIPMENT. (PAGES 25-29)

#### FIVE - TARGET UNITS ROLL SAVES

Units that occupy a square containing awwo crates, tank traps, trees, rubble, buildings, or smoke are in cover as are Units receiving Corner Cover (see Los). Infantry Units in Cover roll one die for each Hit received and Each Or Rolled negates one Hit. Vehicle Units in Cover roll one die for each Hit received and Each Rolled negates one Hit.

INFANTRY LINITS NOT IN COVER ROLL AN INFANTRY SAVE BY ROLLING ONE DIE FOR EACH HIT RECEIVED. EACH OF ROLLED NEGATES ONE HIT.

FLAME WEAPONS ELIMINATE BOTH COVER SAVE AND INFANTRY SAVE. (PAGE 25)

GRENADE WEAPONS ELIMINATE COVER SAVE, BUT ALLOW INFANTRY SAVE. (PAGE 25)

#### SIX - TARGET UNITS TAKE DAMAGES

HITS NOT CANCELLED BY SAVES ARE ASSIGNED TO MINIATURES AND RESOLVED ONE AT A TIME. EACH HIT ASSIGNED TO AN INFANTRY UNIT ELIMINATES ONE MINIATURE CHOSEN BY THE UNIT'S PLAYER. EACH HIT ASSIGNED TO A HERO OR VEHICLE UNIT INFLICTS THE AMOUNT OF DAMAGE INDICATED TO THE RIGHT OF THE FORWARD SLASH IN THE WEAPONS TABLE ROW FOR THE WEAPON AND COLUMN FOR THE TARGET.

NDICATES DAMAGE EQUAL TO THE UNIT'S REMAINING DAMAGE CAPACITY.

#### SEVEN - RESOLVE CLOSE COMBATS

WEAPONS WITH RANGE "C" ARE CLOSE COMBAT WEAPONS CLOSE COMBAT OCCURS AFTER RANGED ATTACKS ARE RESOLVED. SUSTAINED ATTACK ACTIONS ONLY AFFECT RANGED OR CLOSE COMBAT ATTACK, BUT NOT BOTH. BOTH UNITS ROLL FOR CLOSE COMBAT ATTACKS AND DAMAGE IS SIMULTANEOUS.

IMPROVISED WEAPONS MAY BE USED WITH THE VALUES SHOWN BELOW:



#### VICTORY

GAME ENDS AT THE END OF A TURN WHERE ONE OF THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS IS SATISFIED (PAGE II):

- · ONE OF THE PLAYERS COMPLETES THE OBJECTIVE SPECIFIED IN THE SCENARIO
- · ONE OR MORE OF THE PLAYERS NO LONGER HAS ANY LINITS LEFT ON THE GAME MATS
- · THE GAME REACHES THE TURN LIMIT SPECIFIED IN THE SCENARIO

THE PLAYER WHO COMPLETED THE SCENARIO OBJECTIVE OR ELIMINATED THE OTHER PLAYER'S UNITS WINS THE GAME. IF NEITHER SIDE ACCOMPLISHED THIS, THE PLAYER WHO DESTROYED THE MOST ARMY POINTS OF THEIR OPPONENTS UNITS WINS. EQUAL POINTS DESTROYED RESULTS IN A DRAW.